

Level Measurement Expert

26GHz Pulse Radar Liquid Level Transmitter















Table of Contents

1	Measurement Principle
2	Product Overview
3	Mounting Requirement 5
4	Electrical Connection
5	Adjustment Instructions
6	Dimensional Drawings
7	Technical Specifications
8	Selection & Ordering Information
9	Application Questionnaire



1. Measurement Principle



Principle

The extremely narrow microwave pulse emitted by the antenna on radar level instrument can travel at the speed of light and part of its energy, which is reflected off the surface of target medium, is received by the very same antenna. The time lapse between pulse emission and reception by the antenna is proportional to the distance between the surface of target medium and the reference point on antenna. However, due to the fact that the electromagnetic wave is transmitted at extremely high speed, which leads to the tiny time lapse (nanosecond level) and makes it difficult to be identified, TNRP5X series of radar level instrument have adopted a special demodulation technology, enabling itself to detect the time lapse between pulse emission and reception correctly, and eventually generate accurate measurement result.

Features

The guided wave radar level instrument, adopted 26GHz as transmittion frequency, which make this series have specialties as below:Small beam angle, which centralize energy, make TNRP5X high ability of anti-jamming, hence high accuracy and reliable.Small antenna size, easy to mount and easy to equip extra dust protection Small blind zone, good accuracy even for small vessels.Shorter wave-length, suitable for small power.

Equipped with advanced microprocessor and unique EchoDiscovery echo processing technology, the radar level instrument can be used under various hazardous process conditions

The guided wave radar level instrument, with pulses as its working tool and extremely low emission power, can be mounted on various metal or nonmetal vessels, harmless towards the environment and human beings.



2 Product Overview

TNRP55

TNRP56



A/B/C/D1

 $L/M/N/P^3$

 $S/T/V^3$

 $G/H/I/J/K^{2}$

Application: Max Measurement Range:: Measurement Accuracy:	Liquid Level measurement in liquids, especially highly erosive liquids 10m; 30m (Horn 80mm) ±5mm	Liquid Level measurement in liquids, under certain temperature and pressure, mildly erosive liquids 30m ±3mm
Process Temperature:	(-40∼130)° C	(-40~80)° C (-40~130)° C (-60~250)° C (-60~400)° C
Process Pressure:	(−0. 1∼0. 3)MPa	Normal (−0. 1~4) MPa
Frequency Range: Signal Output: Power:	26GHz (4~20)mA/HART 2-wire (DC24V) 4-wire (DC24V/AC220V)	26GHz (4~20)mA/HART 2-wire (DC24V) 4-wire (DC24V/AC220V)
LCD:	Optional	Optional

 $A/B/C/D^{1}(See\ the\ page 4)$

Housing:

Antenna:

Process Connection:

Flange Accessories:

- Intrinsically Safe couldn't use "A"
 Huff must use antenna "T", process Connection must use "I"; High temp. Process Connection must use "J" "K"

F

L

R

2 ___

TNRP57



TNRP58



TNRP59



Liquid

Level measurement of highly erosive medium under certain pressure/ temperature limit and suitable for 20m ±3mm

(-40~150)° C

 $(-0.1 \sim 0.5)$ MPa

26GHz $(4\sim20)$ mA/HART 2-wire (DC24V) 4-wire (DC24V/AC220V)

Optional

A/B/C/D¹

U

Solid

strong dew/dust/crystal

70m ±15mm

 $(-40\sim80)^{\circ}$ C $(-40\sim120)^{\circ}$ C $(-60\sim250)^{\circ}$ C $(-60\sim400)^{\circ}$ C Normal $(-0.1\sim4)$ MPa

26GHz

(4~20)mA/HART 2-wire (DC24V) 4-wire (DC24V/AC220V)

Optional

A/B/C/D¹(See the page4)

 $G/H/I/J/K^{2}$

 $L/M/N/P^3$

 $S/T/V^3$

Solid

Normal Temperature/Normal Pressure

15m ±10mm

(-40∼80)° C (-40∼120)° C (-60∼250)° C

Normal (-0. 1~4) MPa

26GHz $(4\sim20)$ mA/HART 2-wire (DC24V) 4-wire (DC24V/AC220V)

Optional

 $A/B/C/^1$

G/H/I/J/K²

 $L/M/N/P^3$

 $S/T/V^3$



Housing

Serial number A		В	С	D
Material	Plastic	Aluminum Alloy	Aluminum Alloy (Two-chambe) Stainless steel (316L)
Specialty		Economic Suitable for explosion-protection	(Intrinsically safe + Flameproof Approval)	Ship Approval

Process Connection

		million .					THERETON	
Serial number	E	E1	F	O	н	1	J	К
Material	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel	PTFE	PP (Huff)	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Pressure	(−0. 1~4) MPa	(−0. 1~4) MPa	(-0. 1~0. 3) MPa	Normal Pressure	(−0. 1~4) MPa	(-0. 1∼0. 5) MPa	ı (−0. 1∼4) MPa	(-0. 1∼40) MPa
Temperature	(-60∼130)°C	(-60~250)°C	(−40~130)°C	(−40~80)°C	(−60~150)°C	(-60∼130)°C	(-60∼250)°C	(-60~400)°C

Flange Accessories

Serial number	L	М	N	Р
Material	(PTFE/PP) Flange	Stainless Steel Flange	PP Gimbal Flange	Stainless Steel Gimbal Flange
Specialty Rust tolerated High temp./High Pressure		Normal Temperature/ Normal Pressure	High temp./Normal Pressure	

Pulse

Antenna

	1	1			Ť	
Serial numbe	· R	S	Т	U	V	W
Material	PTFE	PP(PTFE shield)	Stainless Steel	PTFE	Stainless Steel (PTFEshield)	Stainless Steel
Specification	Φ 44/Length137 Φ 44L/Length237	Φ 98/Length280 Φ 98L/Length440	$\begin{array}{l} \Phi 48/\text{Length140} \\ \Phi 78/\text{Length227} \\ \Phi 98/\text{Length288} \\ \Phi 98L/\text{Length474} \\ \Phi 123/\text{Length620} \end{array}$	DN50/ DN80/ Dn100	Ф 98/300 Ф 98L/480 Ф 123/625	Ф196 Ф246
Specialty	Rust tolerated	Normal Temp. Normal Pressure	Temp. tolerated/ Pressure tolerated	Rust tolerated/ Pressure tolerated	Normal Temp. Normal Pressure	Temp tolerated Pressure tolerated

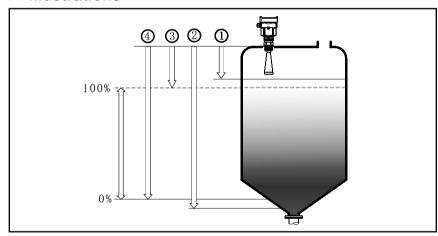
1

3. Mounting Requirements

Basic Requirements

There is a certain existing beam angle while the antenna transmitting microwave pulses. There should beno barriers between the lower edge of antenna and surface of measuredmedium. Therefore it is highly recommended to avoid facilities inside vessels, such asladders, limit switches, heating spirals, struts and etc, during the mounting process. "False echo learning" must be carried out during the installation in this case. Furthermore, microwave beams must NOT intersect the filling streams. Be cautions duringthe installation: the highest level of target medium must NOT enter into blanking zone; the instrument must keep certain distance to vessel walls; every possible measure needs to be taken to position the instrument so that the direction of antenna emission is perpendicular to the surface of measured medium. The installation of instruments in xplosion proof area must abide by relevant local or federal safety regulations. Aluminum housing should be used for intrinsically safe explosion proof version, which is also applicable in explosion proof areas. The instrument must be connected with ground in this case.

Illustrations

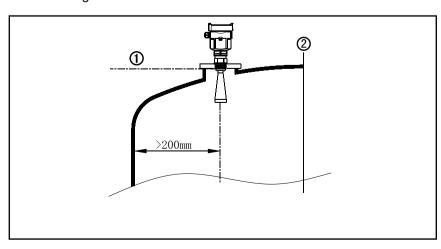


The reference plane is the thread or flange surface

- 1. Blanking Zone(menu1.9)
- 2. Empty(menu1.8)
- 3. Max. Adjustment(menu1.2)
- 4. Min. Adjustment(menu1.1)

Note: The highest level of measured medium must not enter into vlanking zone while radar level measurement instrument is in operation.

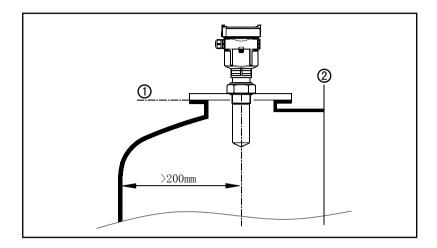
Mounting Position



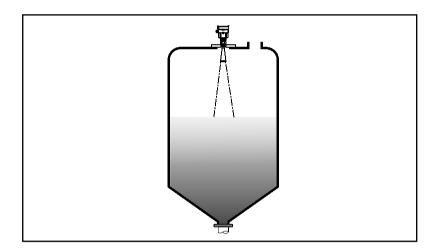
Minium distance of 500mm between instrument and vessel wall during installation

- 1.Reference Plane
- 2.Center of Vessel or Symmetrical Axis

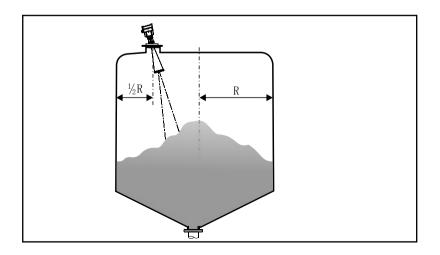




- 1.Reference Plane
- 2.Center of Vessel or Symmetrical Axis



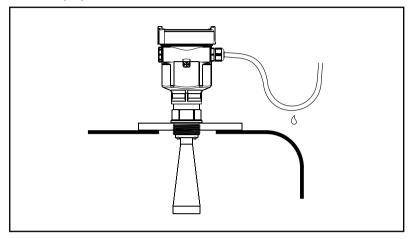
The best mounting position for a conical vessel with flat top is the center of its top, as the effective measurement can reach the bottom of vessel.



Installation with Gimbal

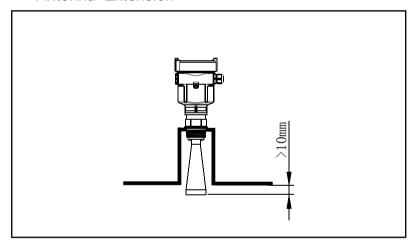
6

Damp-proof



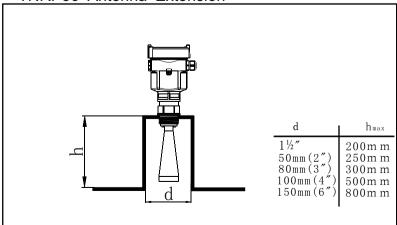
In order to avoid dampness under outdoor or humid indoor conditions or for those instruments mounted on cooling/heating vessels, seal rings used on cables should be screwed tight, plus the cable must be bended downward outside cable entry, indicated on the diagram below

Antenna Extension



The transducer end must at least protrude 10mm out of socket.

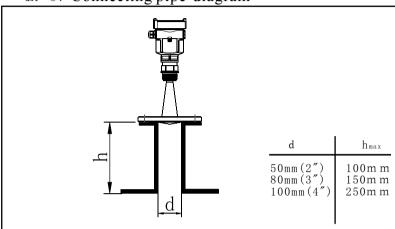




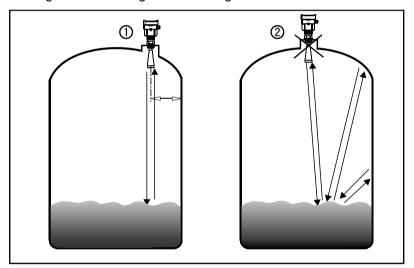
If the senser is mounted in a socket extension that is too long, strong false echoes are generated which enterfere with the measurement. Make sure that the horn antenna protrudes out of the socket piece.



RP 57 Connecting pipe diagram

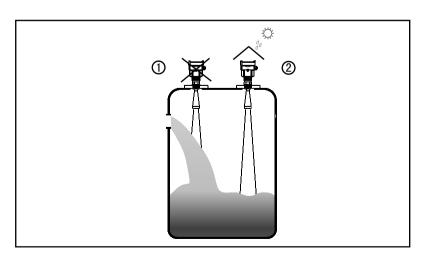


Rights and Wrongs in Mounting



1.Correct

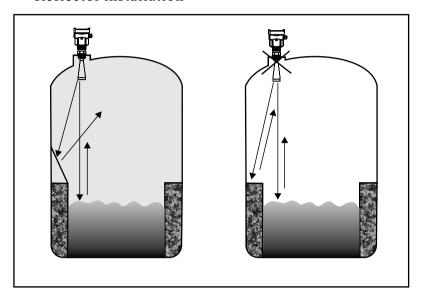
2.Wrong:Instruments are mounted in the center of concave or arched vassel tops, which results in multiple echoes.



1.Wrong: Mount the instrument in/above filling stream, which results in the measurement of filling stream not the target medium. 2.Correct:

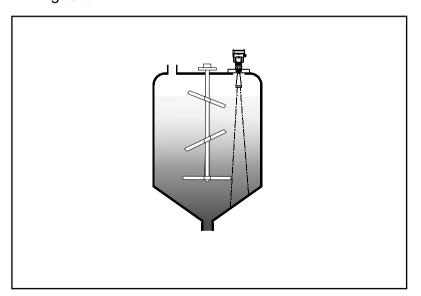
Q.

Reflector installation



If there are barriers in vessels, it is required to mount baffle-board, by doing this, the echo reflected by the barrier will be reflected out. And "False Echo Storage" will be applied.

Agitator

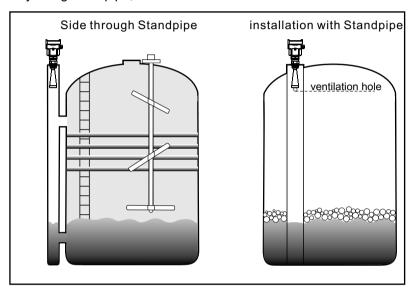


If there are agitators in vessels, instrument must be mounted as far away from agitators as possible. Once installation completed, a "false echo learning" should be carried out while agitators in motion to eliminate negative influence caused by false echo of agitators. You are advised to opt for installation with standpipe if foam or wave is generated due to the action of agitators.



Installation with Standpipe

By using standpipe, the influence of foams can be reduced.



Note: You must NOT mount instrument inside standpipe while measuring adhesive medium.

You are advised to opt for installation with standpipe (or bypass tube) to avoid the influence on measurement caused by barriers inside vessels or foam generation.

It is advised to install antenna inside of the standpipe to avoid the error caused by foam. The minimum inner diameter of standpipe should be 50mm. Avoid large cracks or welding seam when connecting standpipe. False echo storage must be carried out as well in this case.

4 Electrical Connection

Power Supply

20mA/HART(2-Wire)

Power supply and current signal are carried by the same two-wire connection cable. See the Technical Specifications of this guide for detailed requirement on power supply. A safety barrier should be placed between power supply and instrument for intrinsically safe version.

20mA/HART(4-wire)

Power supply and current signal are carried by two 2-wire connection cables respectively. See the Technical Specifications of this guide for detailed requirement on power supply. Earth-connected current output can be used for standard version of level instruments, while the explosion proof version must be operated with a floating current output. Both instruments and earth terminals should be connected with ground firmly and securely. Normally you can either choose to connect with the earth terminal on vessel or adjacent ground in case of plastic vessels.

Cable Connection **General Introduction**

4~20mA/HART

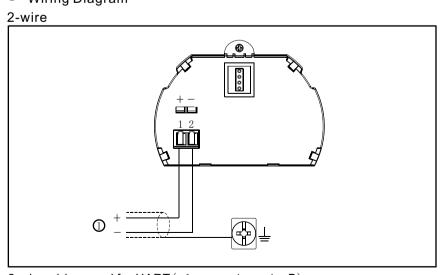
Standard 2-wire cable with outside diameter of 5...9mm, which assures the seal effect of cable entry, can be used as feeder cable. You are recommended to use screened cables in the event of electromagnetic Connection cable with special earth wire can be used as feeder cable.

Connection cable with special earth wire can be used as feeder cable.

20mA/HART(4-wire)

The two ends of shielded cable must be connected with earth terminal. The shielded cable must be connected with inner earth terminal directly inside the transducer, while the outside earth terminal on housing must be connected with ground. In the event of Shielding & Grounding earth-connected current, the shielding side of shielded cable must be connected to ground potential via a ceramic capacitor (e.g. : 1 µ F 1500V) in order to dampen the low frequency grounding current and avoid the disturbance caused by high frequency signals

Wiring Diagram



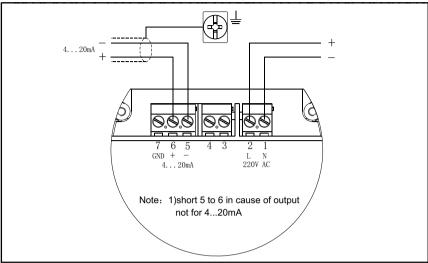
2-wire wiring used for HART (electronic unit B)

1) Power Supply and Signal Output

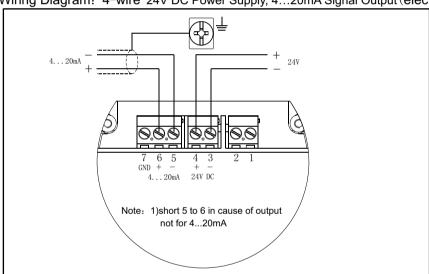


4-wire/2-chamber

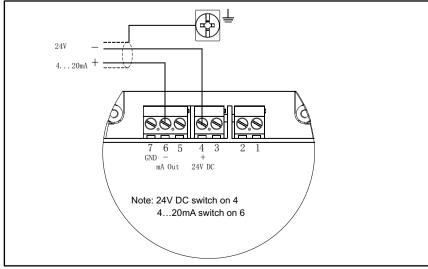
Wiring Diagram: 220V AC Power Supply, 4...20mA Signal Output (electronic unit D)



Wiring Diagram: 4-wire 24V DC Power Supply, 4...20mA Signal Output (electronic unit C)



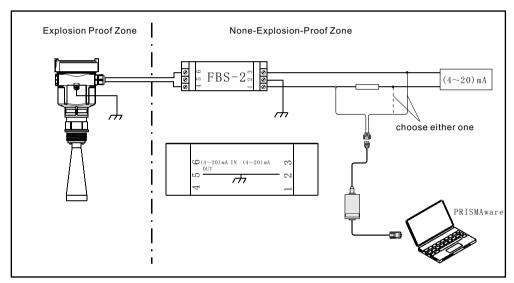
Wiring Diagram: dual-wire 24V DC Power Supply, 4...20mA Signal Output (electronic unit E)



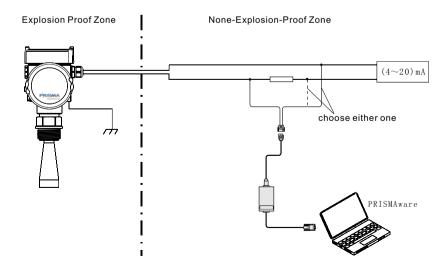
Explosion Proof Connection

This product is an intrinsic safety explosion proof version (Exia II C T6) with aluminium housing and plastic-encapsulated internal structure aimed to prevent sparks resulted from transducer and circuit malfunction from leaking out. It is applicable for the non-contact continuous level measurement of flammable medium under the level of explosion proof inferior to Exia II c T6. You are required to use FBS-2 series (intrinsic safety explosion proof: [Exia] II C, voltage of power supply: 24V DC\(\text{DC}\)5%, short-circuit current: 135mA, operating current: 4...20mA) of safety barriers, which are supplementary to this product, for the power supply of this product.

All connection cables must be screened with max. length of 500m. Stray capacitor ≤0.1 µ F/Km,stray inductance ≤1mH/Km. The level measurement instrument must be connected to ground potential and unapproved supplementary devices are not allowed to use.



Adjust with PRISMAware



Adjust with Intrinsically Safe+Flameproof Approval



5 Adjustment Instructions

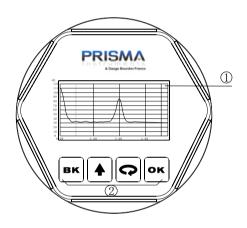
Adjustment Methods

Three adjustment methods available for TNRP 5X:

- 1.Display/Adjustment Module
- 2. Adjustment software PRISMAware
- 3.HART handheld programmer

ViewPoint is a pluggable display/adjustment module. The adjustment can be done through operating with four buttons on ViewPoint. Optional menu operation languages are available for selection. ViewPoint is only used for display after adjustment in that the measurement results can be seen clearly through the glass window.

Display/Adjustment Module



1 LCD 2 Adjustment Keypad

[OK]Keypad

- -Enter programming mode;
- -Confirm programming options:
- -Confirm modifications to parameters.

[A]Keypad

-Modify parameter values.

Shortcut

[B K] Display Echo wave

- [Keypad
- -Choose programming options;
- -Choose the digit of parameters to edit;
- -Display the contents of parameters.

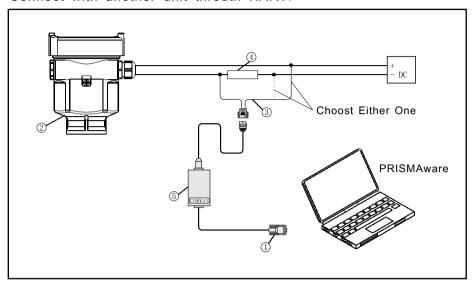
[BK]Keypad

- -Programming mode exit;
- -Return to higher menu level.

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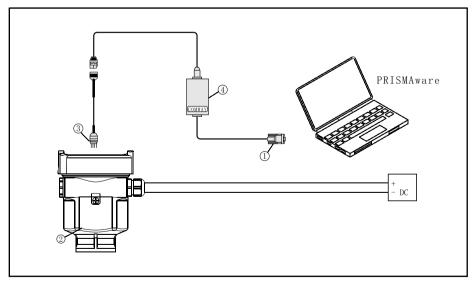
PRISMAware

Connect with another unit throuth HART.



- 1 RS232 Connect Cable/USB port
- 2 TNRP5X
- 3 HATR port adapter used on COMWAY convertor
- 4 250 ohm Resistance
- 5 COMWAY Convertor

Connect with another unit throuth I2C.

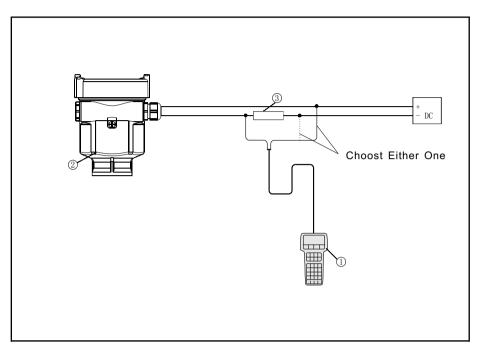


- 1 RS232 Connect Cable/USB port
- 2 TNRP5X
- 3 I2C adapter port used on MOMWAY convertor
- 4 COMWAY Convertor



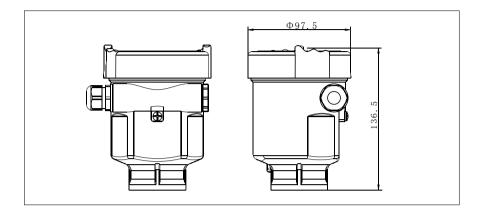
HART Handheld Programmer

Adjust TNRP5X with HARTH andheldProgrammer

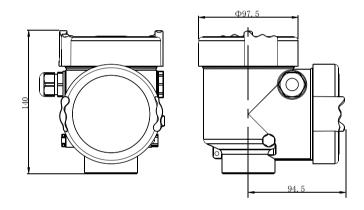


- 1 HART Handheld Programmer
- 2 TNRPX
- 3 250 ohm Resistance

6 Dimension (Unit: mm)

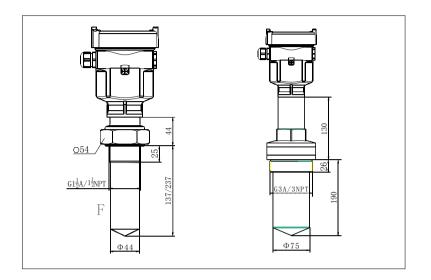


Housing A/B/G Material: PBT/AL/316L

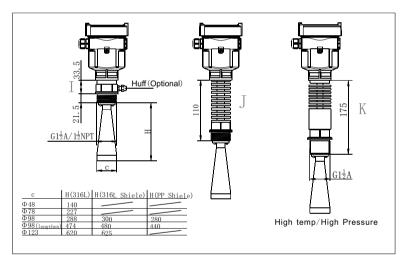


FBS Series

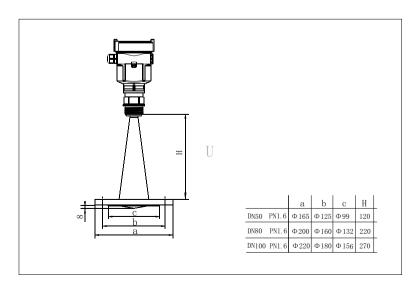




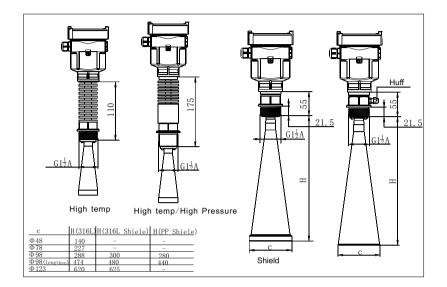
TNRP55 Threaded Vision



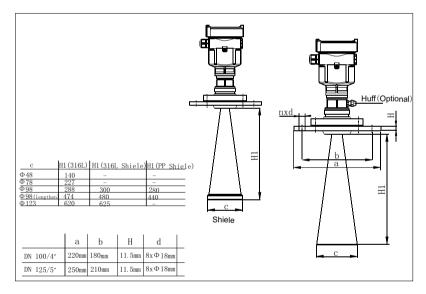
TNRP56 Threaded Vision



TNRP57 Threaded Vision



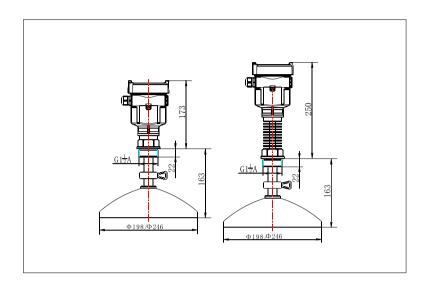
TNRP58/59 Threaded Vision



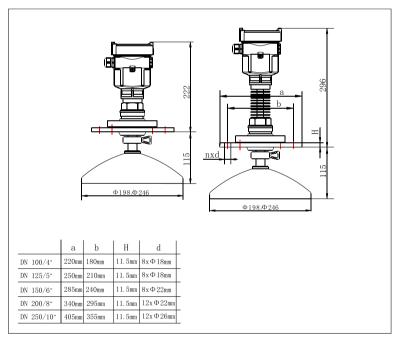
TNRP58/59 Gimbal Flange

Horn Antenna





TNRP58/59 Threaded Vision



TNRP 58/59 Gimbal Flange

Parabolic antenna

7 Technical Specifications

General Parameters

产品型号	TNRP55	TNRP56	TNRP57	TNRP58	TNRP59
Process	ThreadG1½A	ThreadG1½A		ThreadG11/2A	
Connection		Thread1½NPT	Flange 316L	Flange 316L	
				Thread1½NPT	
Material	PTFE	Stainless Steel 316L PTFE	PTFE	Stainless Steel316L PTFE	PTFE

Housing Plastic PBT-FR; Aluminium, Stainless Steel 316L

Seal ring between housing and housing cover
ViewPoint window on housing
Ground terminal

Stainless Steel

Weight Weight -TNRP55

-TNRP55 1kg (Depend on process connections and housings)
-TNRP56 2kg (Depend on process connections and housings)
-TNRP57 3kg (Depend on process connections and housings)
-TNRP58 7kg (Depend on process connections and housings)
-TNRP59 6kg (Depend on process connections and housings)

Power Standard Version $(16\sim26)$ V DC 2-wire Intrinsic Safe Version $(21.6\sim26.4)$ V DC

Power Consumption max.22.5mA

Ripple Allowed

 $-\langle 100 \text{Hz}$ Uss $\langle 1 \text{V}$ $-(100 \sim 100 \text{K}) \text{Hz}$ Uss $\langle 10 \text{mV}$

4-wire/2-chamber Intrinsic Safe+Explosion-Proof (22. 8~26. 4) V DC, (198~242) V AC

Power Consumption max.1VA, 1W

Parameters on Cable Cable Entry/Plug One cable entry of M20x1. 5 (cable diameter of 5~9m),

one binding of M20x1. 5

Spring Connection Terminal Applicable for cables with cross section of 2. 5mm²

Output Signal 4...20mA/HART

Resolution 1.6 u A

Fault Signal Constant current output: 20. 5mA;

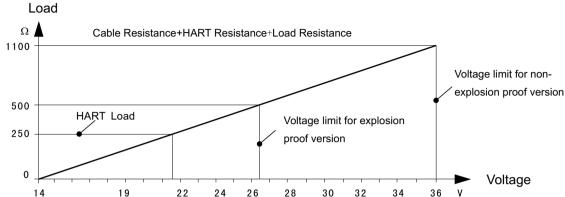
22mA; 3.9mA

-2-wire load resistance-4-wire load resistanceMax. 500ohm

Integration Time 0...40sec, adjustable



2-Wire Load Resistance Diagram



Characteristic **Blanking Distance** End of Antenna parameter Max Measurement Distance - TNRP55 10m (liquid) -TNRP56 30m (liquid) - TNRP57 20m (liquid) -TNRP58 70m (solid) -TNRP59 15m (solid) Microwave Frequency 26GHz Measurement Interval About 1sec (Depend on parameter settings) Adjustment Time About 1sec (Depend on parameter settings)

Resolution of Display 1mm

Accuracy See the diagram below Temperature for Storage/Transport $(-40\sim100)^{\circ}$ C

Process Temperature (Probe)

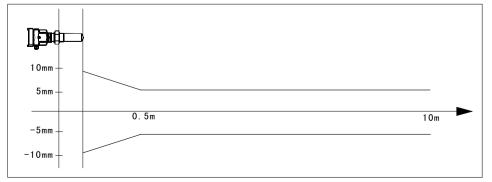
 $\begin{array}{lll} - \ \, \text{TNRP55} & (-40 \sim 130) \ \, \text{C} \\ - \ \, \text{TNRP56} & (-60 \sim 400) \ \, \text{C} \\ - \ \, \text{TNRP57} & (-40 \sim 150) \ \, \text{C} \\ - \ \, \text{TNRP58} & (-60 \sim 400) \ \, \text{C} \\ - \ \, \text{TNRP59} & (-40 \sim 200) \ \, \text{C} \\ \end{array}$

Relative Humidity <95%

Pressure Max. 40MPa

Vibration Proof Mechanical vibration 10 m/s 10 m²/s , $10 \sim 150$ Hz

TNRP55



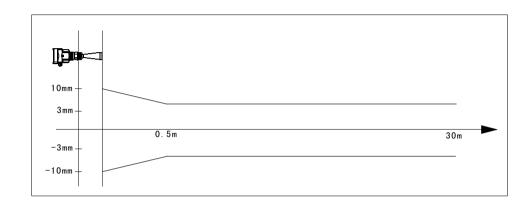
3dB Beam Angle 22° Accuracy See the diagram left

¹⁾ The generation of accurate measurement results needs longer time than usual in the event of drastic level changes(mx. Error 10%).

TNRP56 3dB Beam Angle

 $-\Phi$ 48mm 18° $-\Phi$ 75mm 12° $-\Phi$ 98mm 8° $-\Phi$ 123mm 6°

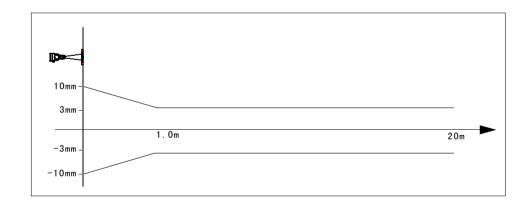
Accuracy See the accuracy illustration diagram below



TNRP57 3dB Beam Angle

 $\begin{array}{ccc} - \text{flangeDN50} & & 18^{\circ} \\ - \text{flangeDN80} & & 12^{\circ} \end{array}$

Accuracy See the accuracy illustration diagram below

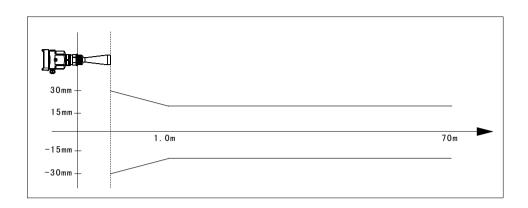


TNRP58 3dB Beam Angle

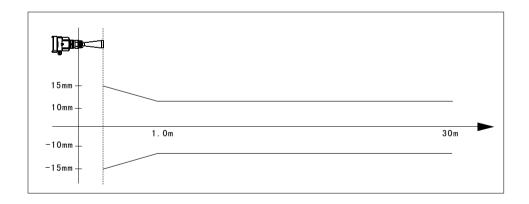
Accuracy See the accuracy illustration diagram below

23





INRP59	3dB Beam Angle	
	- ⊕48mm	18°
	− Φ75mm	12°
	− Φ98mm	8°
	− Ф123mm	6°
	− Ф196mm	5°
	−Ф 246mm	4°
	Accuracy	See the accuracy illustration diagram below



9 Selection & Ordering Information

TNRP55

THAT GO
Explosion Proof Approval
P Standard (Without Approval)
I Intrinsically Safe (Exia IIC T6)
C Intrinsically Safe+Ship Approval (Exia IIC T6) (NO)
G Intrinsically Safe+Flameproof Approval (Exd ia IIC T6)
Shape of Antenna/Material/Process Temperature
B (R) Airproof Horn 50/PTFE/(-40~130) °C
C (R) Airproof Horn 80/PTFE/(-40~130)°C
Process Connection/Material
GP (F) Thread G11/2A
NP (F) Thread 1½NPT
FA (L) Flange DN50/PTFE
FB (L) Flange DN80/PTFE
FX Special Design
Length of Vessel Socket
A 100mm
B 200mm
Electronic
B $(4\sim20)\text{mA/HART2-Wire}$
C (4~20) mA/(22.8~26.4) V DC /HART 4-wire
D (198~242) V AC/HART 4-wire
E (4~20) mA/(22.8~26.4) V DC /HART 2-wire
X Special Design
Housing/Protection
A Aluminium/IP67
B Plastic/IP66
D Aluminium (2-chamber)/IP67
G Stainless Steel316L/IP67
H Stainless Steel316L(2-chamber)/IP67
Cable Entry
M M20x1. 5
N ½NPT
Display/Programming
A Yes
X No

Note: The instrument with approval "I" can use Electronic "B" and housing "A, D, G, H",

The instrument with approval "G" can use Electronic "C or D, E" and housing "D, H".

Standard flange size of the reference GB/T9119-2000 Thickness of 15mm.



●TNRP56

□TNRP56
Explosion Proof Approval
P Standard (Without Approval)
I Intrinsically Safe (Exia IIC T6)
C Intrinsically Safe+Ship Approval (Exia IIC T6)
G Intrinsically Safe+Flameproof Approval (Exd ia IIC T6)
Shape of Antenna/Material/Process Temperature
B (T) Horn Φ48mm/Stainless Steel 316L
C (T) Horn Φ78mm/Stainless Steel 316L
H (T) Horn Φ98mm/Stainless Steel 316L
I (T) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) /Stainless Steel 316L
J (T) Horn Φ123mm/Stainless Steel 316L
K (S) Horn Φ98mm/PP/PTFE Shield (N0)
L (S) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) /PP/PTFE Shield (N0)
M (V) Horn ⊕98mm/Stainless Steel 316L/PTFE Shield
N (V) Horn ⊕98mm(Lengthen) /Stainless Steel 316L/PTFE Shield
P (V) Horn Φ123mm/Stainless Steel 316L/PTFE Shield
X Special Design
Process Connection/Material
GP (H) thread G11/2A/Stainless Steel 316L
GA (H) thread 1½NPT/Stainless Steel 316L
GB (G) thread G1½A/PP
GC (J) thread G1½A/Stainless Steel 316L/temperature (-60~250) °C
GE (I) thread G1½A/Stainless Steel 316L(Huff)
GX Special Design
Flange/Material
Material Spec Code PP(L) PTFE(L) Stainless Steel (M)
DN50 FA FB FC DN80 GA GB GC
DN100 HA HB HC
DN125 IA IB IC
F0 No
FX Special Design
Seal/Process Temperature
2 Viton (-60~150) °C
3 Kalrez (-60~250) °C
4 Graphite (-60~400) °C
B (4~20) mA/HART 2-Wire
C $(4\sim20)$ mA/(22, 8 ~26 , 4) V DC /HART 4-wire
D (198~242) V AC/HART 4-wire
E $(4\sim20) \text{ mA}/(22.8\sim26.4) \text{ V DC /HART 2-wire}$
X Special Design
Housing/Protection
A Housing/ProtectionI/IP67
B Plastic/IP66
D Aluminium (2-chamber)/IP67
G Stainless Steel316L/IP67
H Stainless Steel316L(2-chamber)/IP67
Staniests Stock (SELE stanies) // II St

Cable Entry
M M20x1. 5
N ½NPT
Display/Programming
A Yes
X No

Note: The instrument with approval "I" can use Electronic "B" and housing "A, D, G, H",

The instrument with approval "C" can use Electronic "B" and housing "G",

The instrument with approval "G" can use Electronic "C or D, E" and housing "D, H".

Standard flange size of the reference GB/T9119-2000 Thickness of 15mm.

TNRP57

Explosion Proof Approval
P Explosion Proof Approval
I Intrinsically Safe (Exia IIC T6)
C Intrinsically Safe+Ship Approval (Exia IIC T6) (N0)
G Intrinsically Safe+Flameproof Approval (Exd ia IIC T6)
Shape of Antenna/Material
B (U) Stainless Steel&PTFE Flange DN50
C (U) Stainless Steel&PTFE Flange DN80
D (U) Stainless Steel&PTFE Flange DN100
X Special Design
Electronic
B (4~20) mA/HART 2-Wire
C (4~20) mA/(22. 8~26. 4) V DC /HART 4-wire
D (198~242) V AC/HART 4-wire
E (4~20) mA/(22. 8~26. 4) V DC /HART 2-wire
X Special Design
Housing/Protection
A Housing/ProtectionI/IP67
B Plastic/IP66
D Aluminium (2-chamber)/IP67
G Stainless Steel316L/IP67
H Stainless Steel316L(2-chamber)/IP67
Cable Entry
M M20x1. 5
N ½NPT
Display/Programming
A Yes
X No

Note: The instrument with approval "I" can use Electronic "B" and housing "A, D, G, H", The instrument with approval "G" can use Electronic "C or D, E" and housing "D, H". Standard flange size of the reference GB/T9119-2000 Thickness of 15mm.



TNRP58

Explosion Proof Approval

- P Explosion Proof Approval
- I Intrinsically Safe (Exia IIC T6)
- C Intrinsically Safe+Ship Approval (Exia IIC T6) (N0)
- G Intrinsically Safe+Flameproof Approval (Exd ia IIC T6)

Shape of Antenna/Material

- B (T) Horn Φ48mm/Stainless Steel316L
- C (T) Horn Ф78mm/Stainless Steel316L
- H (T) Horn Φ98mm/Stainless Steel316L
- (T) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) /Stainless Steel 316L
- J (T) Horn Φ123mm/Stainless Steel316L
- K (S) Horn Φ98mm/PP/PTFE Shield
- L (S) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) /PP/PTFE Shield
- M (V) Horn Φ98mm/Stainless Steel316L/PTFE Shield
- N (V) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) / Stainless Steel316L/PTFE Shield
- P (V) Horn Φ123mm/Stainless Steel316L/PTFE Shield
- Q (W) Parabolic Φ 196mm/Stainless Steel 316L
- R (W) Parabolic Φ246mm/Stainless Steel 316L
- X Special Design

Process Connection/Material

- GP (H) Thread G11/2A/Stainless Steel316L
- GA (H) Thread 1½NPT/Stainless Steel316L
- GB (G) Thread G11/2A/PP
- GC (J) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L/ Temperature (-60~250)°C
- GE (I) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L (Huff)
- GF (E) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L/ Temperature (-60~150)°C
- GG (E1) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L/ Temperature (-60~250)°C
- GX Special Design

Flange/Material

Material					
Spec Code	PP(L)	PTFE(L)	Stainless Steel (I	M) Gimbal Flange (PP)	N) Gimbal Flange (Stainless Steel) (P)
DN50	FA	FB	FC	-	=
DN80	GA	GB	GC	_	_
DN100	HA	HB	HC	HD	HE
DN125	ΙA	IB	IC	ID	IE
DN150	JA	JB	JC	-	JE
DN200	KA	KB	KC	-	KE
DN250	LA	LB	LC	-	LE

F0 No

FX Special Design

Seal/Process Temperature

- 2 Viton (-60~150) °C
- 3 Kalrez (-60~250) °C
- 4 Graphite (-60~400) °C

Electronic				
В	$(4\sim20)\text{mA/HART}$ 2-Wire			
С	(4~20) mA/(22. 8~26. 4) V DC /HART 4-wire			
D	(198~242) V AC/HART 4-wire			
E	(4~20) mA/(22. 8~26. 4) V DC /HART 2-wire			
X	Special Design			
Н	ousing/Protection			
Α	Housing/ProtectionI/IP67			
В	B Plastic/IP66			
D	D Aluminium (2-chamber)/IP67			
G	G Stainless Steel316L/IP67			
H Stainless Steel316L(2-chamber)/IP67				
Cable Entry				
M M20x1. 5				
N ½NPT				
Display/Programming				
A Yes				
X No				

Note: The instrument with approval "I" can use Electronic "B" and housing "A, D, G, H",
The instrument with approval "G" can use Electronic "C or D, E" and housing "D, H".
Standard flange size of the reference GB/T9119-2000 Thickness of 15mm.



TNRP59

Explosion Proof Approval

- P Explosion Proof Approval
- I Intrinsically Safe (Exia IIC T6)
- C Intrinsically Safe+Ship Approval (Exia IIC T6) (NO)
- G Intrinsically Safe+Flameproof Approval (Exd ia IIC T6)

Shape of Antenna/Material

- B (T) Horn Φ48mm/Stainless Steel316L
- C (T) Horn ⊕78mm/Stainless Steel316L
- H (T) Horn Φ98mm/Stainless Steel316L
- I (T) Horn Ф98mm (Lengthen) /Stainless Steel 316L
- J (T) Horn Φ123mm/Stainless Steel316L
- K (S) Horn Φ98mm/PP/PTFE Shield
- L (S) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) /PP/PTFE Shield
- M (V) Horn Φ98mm/Stainless Steel316L/PTFE Shield
- N (V) Horn Φ98mm (Lengthen) / Stainless Steel316L/PTFE Shield
- P (V) Horn Φ123mm/Stainless Steel316L/PTFE Shield
- Q (W) Parabolic Φ 196mm/Stainless Steel 316L
- R (W) Parabolic Φ246mm/Stainless Steel 316L
- X Special Design

Process Connection/Material

- GP (H) Thread G1%A/Stainless Steel316L
- GA (H) Thread 1½NPT/Stainless Steel316L
- GB (G) Thread G1½A/PP
- GC (J) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L/ Temperature (-60~250)°C
- GE (I) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L (Huff)
- GF (E) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L/ Temperature (-60~150)°C
- GG (E1) Thread G1½A/Stainless Steel316L/ Temperature (-60~250)°C
- GX Special Design

Flange/Material

	Material					
Spe	ec Code	PP(L)	PTFE(L)	Stainless Steel (I	M) Gimbal Flange (PP)	(N) Gimbal Flange (Stainless Steel) (P)
	DN50	FA	FB	FC	_	
	DN80	GA	GB	GC	_	-
	DN100	HA	HB	HC	HD	HE
	DN125	ΙA	IB	IC	ID	IE
	DN150	JA	JB	JC	_	JE
	DN200	KA	KB	KC	-	KE
	DN250	LA	LB	LC	_	LE

F0 No

FX Special Design

Seal/Process Temperature

- 2 Viton (-60~150) °C
- 3 Kalrez (-60~250) °C
- 4 Graphite (-60~400) °C

Electronic			
В	$(4\sim20)\text{mA/HART}$ 2-Wire		
С	$(4\sim20)\text{mA}/(22.8\sim26.4)\text{V}$ DC /HART 4-wire		
D	(198~242) V AC/HART 4-wire		
E	(4~20) mA/(22. 8~26. 4) V DC /HART 2-wire		
X	Special Design		
Housing/Protection			
Α	Housing/ProtectionI/IP67		
В	B Plastic/IP66		
D Aluminium (2-chamber)/IP67			
G Stainless Steel316L/IP67			
H Stainless Steel316L(2-chamber)/IP67			
Cable Entry			
M M20x1. 5			
N ½NPT			
Display/Programming			
A Yes			
X No			

Note: The instrument with approval "I" can use Electronic "B" and housing "A, D, G, H", The instrument with approval "G" can use Electronic "C or D, E" and housing "D, H". Standard flange size of the reference GB/T9119-2000 Thickness of 15mm.



32_

9 Application Questionnaire

Approvals	
☐ Standard Version☐ Intrinsically Safe Version (Exia☐ Intrinsically Safe Version+Ship Approval (Exia IIC Text)	
Measured Medium	
Name	
Condition Liquid Solid (Form Mass	Particle Dust)
	<u>°</u> C Max <u>. °</u> C Agitated Vorte
Dielectric Constant Γ $\epsilon r < 3$ Γ $\epsilon r > 3$	
Atmosphere	
Atmosphere Form Foam Dust	☐ Deposit ☐ Vapour
Atmosphere Pressure Min Norm	Max
Vessel	
Shape of Top	al Horizontal
Height Diameter	
Critical Information	M 15
Nozzle Length: Nozzle Diameter:	Measurement Range:
Process Connection	
	$05x2 \Box G1\%A \Box 1\%NPT \Box G2A)$
☐ Flange (DN=) ☐ Swivelling Holder	
Installation	
Mode:	
Filling Stream inlet position and installation position	(Please specify in the diagram below)
Circular Vessel	Square Vessel
Power Supply 220V AC 2-wire 24V DC	3-wire 24V DC 4-wire 24V DC
Communication ☐(4~20) mA/HART	
Display Yes No	
Customer Information	
Contact:	Please give brief explanation on the application of
Company:	instrument:
Address:	
P. C.: Tel:	
Email:	Date:
Fax:	Buto.



Level	Measuremen	t Expert
LUVUI	ivicasai cilicii	it Export

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